Prioritizing Pesticides for Surface Water Monitoring in Agricultural and Urban Areas of California

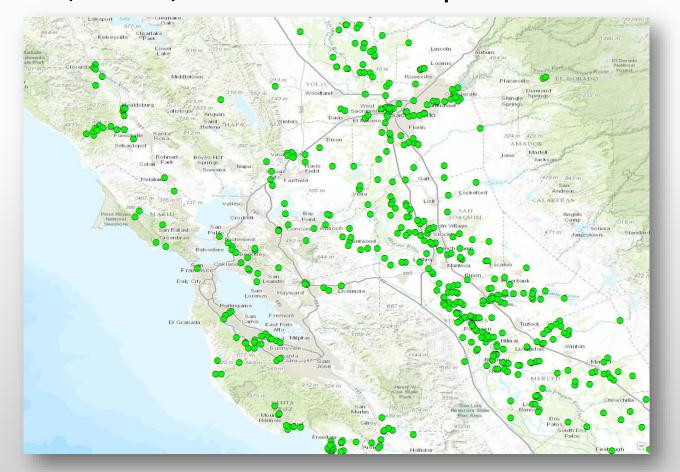
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Surface Water Protection Program

California Department of Pesticide Regulation

Pesticide monitoring in surface water

Where, when, and what to sample?



Historical and active monitoring sites (by DPR and other agencies) reporting pesticide concentrations (DPR Surface Water Database)

Pesticide monitoring in surface water

- Where, when, and what to sample?
- Example: Agricultural monitoring in Central and Southern California
 - DPR study 304 (Deng, 2018), Table 7: number of samples collected for pesticide analysis in 2018 (http://cdpr.ca.gov/docs/emon/pubs/protocol.htm)

							WI
Analyte Group	March	May	July	September	October	November	Total Number
	Imperial	Central Coast	Central Coast	Central Coast	Imperial	Central Coast	of Samples
Multi-analyte Screen	6	10	10	10	6	10	56
Dinitroaniline	6	10	10	10	6	10	Where
Pyrethroid Water	6	10	10	10	6	10	52
Pyrethroid Sediment				10	6		16
Grand Total	18	30	30	40	24	30	160

Pesticide prioritization

- DPR's early efforts
 - 2007, Assessment of acute aquatic toxicity of current-use pesticides in California, with monitoring recommendations

Chemical	Toxicity	Use	Monitoring Priority
Malathion	very high	high	high
Diazinon	high	high	high
Carbaryl	very high	moderate	high
Thiram	high	moderate	high
Trifluralin	moderate	very high	high

• 2009, Procedure for identifying pesticides with a high potential to contaminate surface water

Pesticide prioritization

- DPR's early efforts
- <u>Surface Water Monitoring Prioritization model</u>
 - A computer program to prioritize pesticides of interest (POIs) and areas of interest (AOIs) for surface water monitoring
 - With considerations of pesticide use, toxicity data, physicochemical properties, landscape/hydrology characteristics, and historical monitoring results

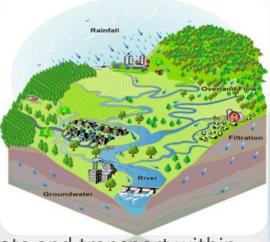
Conceptual Model



Pesticide application



Off-site movement to water



Fate and transport within stream network (watershed)



Required data:

Pesticide use data

Landscape characteristics

Hydrology data

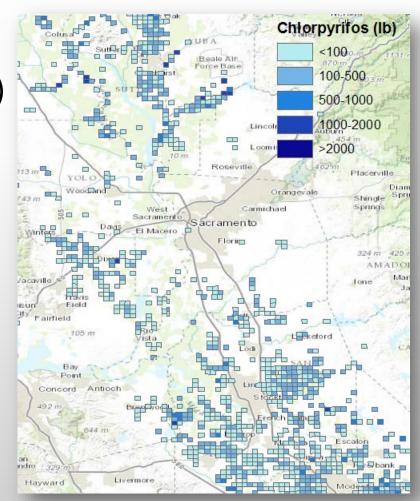
Impacts on ecosystem

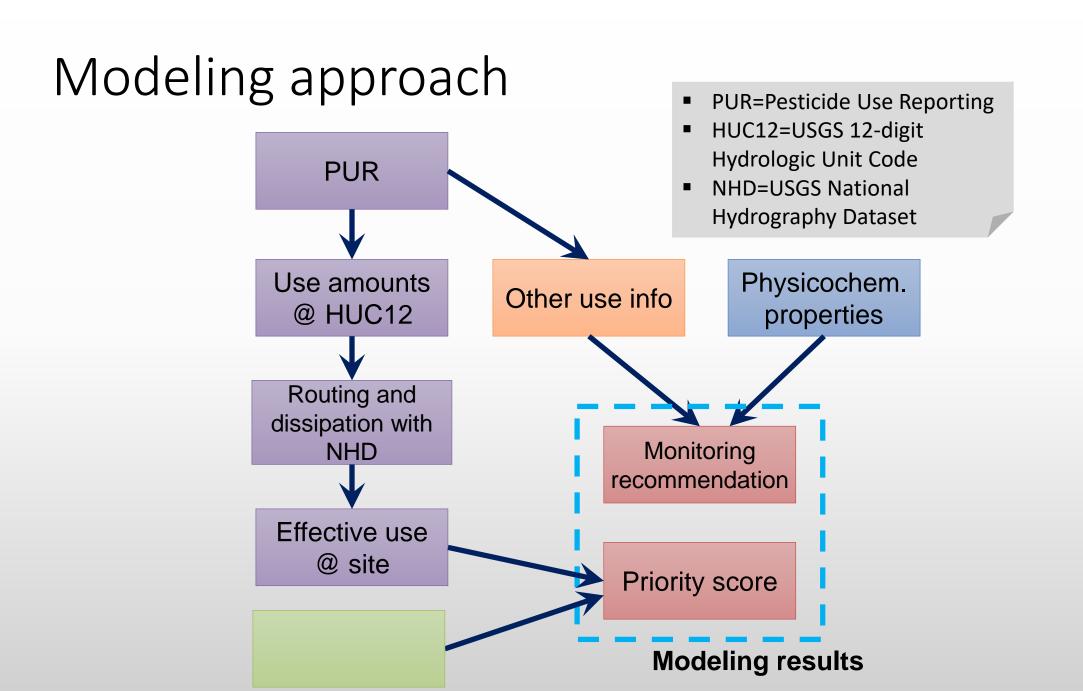
Ecotoxicology data

Chemical properties

DPR's PUR database

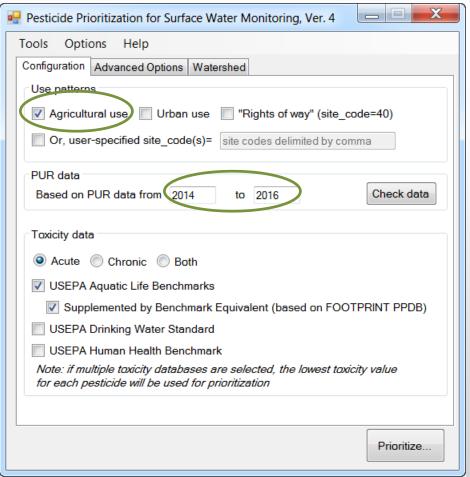
- Pesticide Use Reporting (PUR)
 - Released annually, 1989-2016
 - Agricultural uses: daily data, for each section (1x1mi²)
 - Non-agricultural uses: monthly data, for each county
 - http://www.cdpr.ca.gov/docs/pur/purmain.htm





Example model run

California statewide, annual agricultural uses, PUR data 2014-2016



[Priority score]= [use score]×[toxicity score]

Results

Use (lb)

→ use score (1~5)

Benchmark (ppb)

→ toxicity score (1~8)

Monitoring recommendation

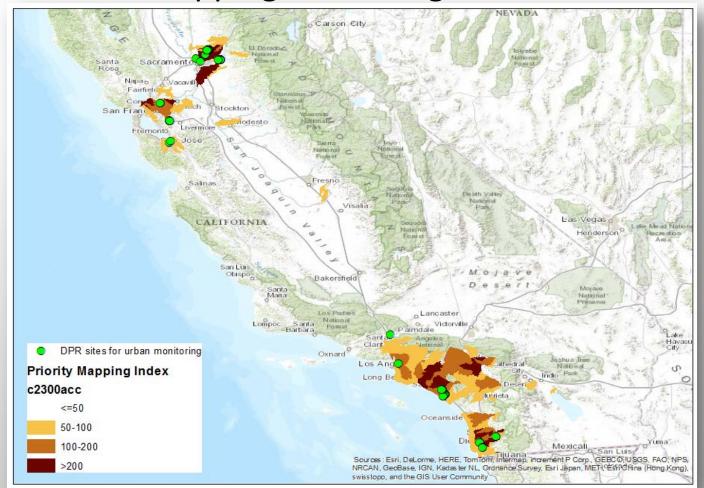
chem_code	CHEMNAME	use	usescore	benchmark	toxscore	finalscore	recom
253	CHLORPYRIFOS	1102887.2	5	0.05	6	30	True
1601	PARAQUAT DICHLORIDE	1051157.6	5	0.396	5	25	True
1973	OXYFLUORFEN	774548.4	5	0.29	5	25	True
367	MALATHION	378571	4	0.05	6	24	True
2300	BIFENTHRIN	195452.6	4	0.075	6	24	True
2297	LAMBDA-CYHALOTHRIN	63332.1	3	0.0035	7	21	True
1929	PENDIMETHALIN	2077891.8	5	5.2	4	20	True
677	CHLOROTHALONIL	1030997.9	5	1.8	4	20	False
629	ZIRAM	737047.4	5	4	4	20	False
3849	IMIDACLOPRID	335201.3	4	0.385	5	20	True
418	NALED	179069.5	3	0.07	6	18	False
2008	PERMETHRIN	108120.7	3	0.0106	6	18	True
597	TRIFLURALIN	441484.1	4	9.25	4	16	True
5133	S-METOLACHLOR	418975.9	4	8	4	16	True
383	METHOMYL	273916.2	4	2.5	4	16	True
445	PROPARGITE	221836.2	4	7	4	16	True
531	SIMAZINE	187797	4	2.24	4	16	True

Model applications

- *Site-specific prioritization*: to prioritize chemicals @ predefined monitoring site(s)
- **Spatially continuous mapping**: to prioritize monitoring sites for predefined chemicals
- AOI/POI determination: by running the above functions iteratively, to develop new monitoring studies or evaluate existing studies
 - AOI = Area of interest
 - POI = Pesticide of interest

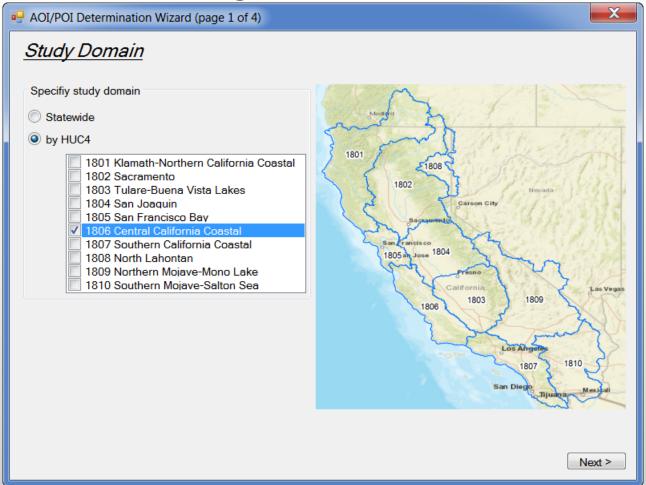
Example 2

• Spatially continuous mapping for non-agricultural use of bifenthrin

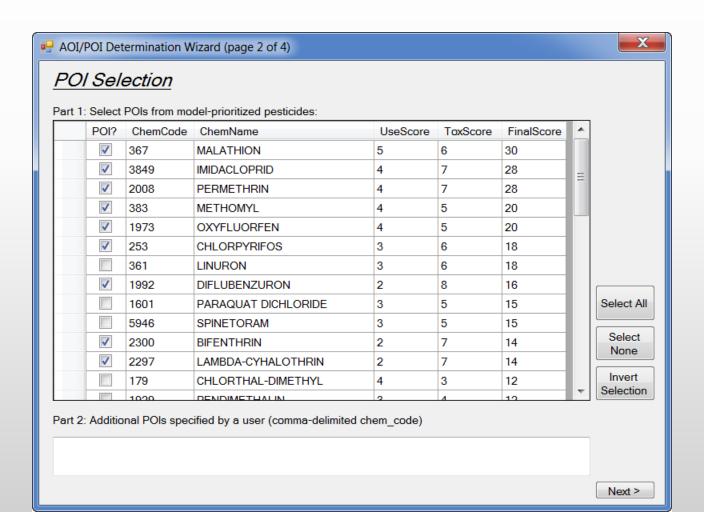


Example 3

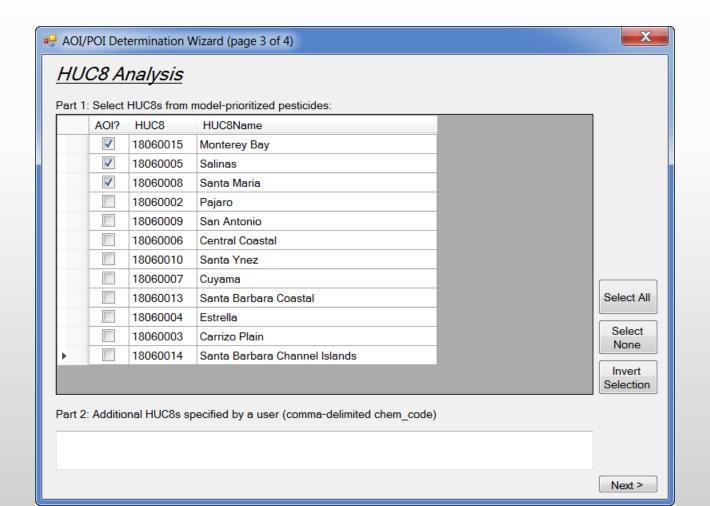
• AOI/POI determination for agricultural uses in Central Coast



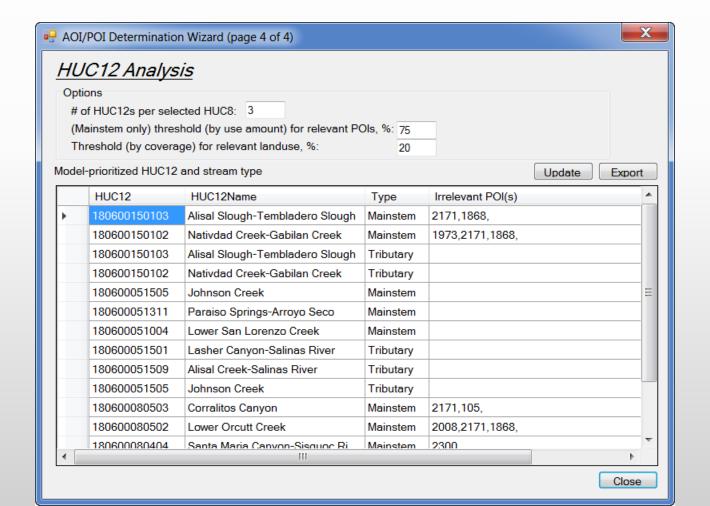
Pesticides of interest



Areas of interest @ HUC8



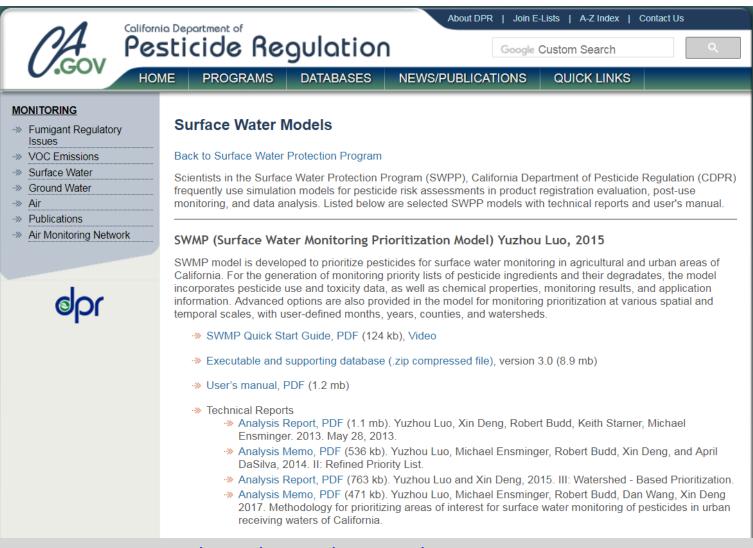
Final results @ HUC12



Summary

- SWMP is based on PUR data analysis, with considerations of toxicity data and pesticide routing within stream network
- Not a fully mechanistic model, but includes components for pesticide fate and transport
- Future directions
 - Incorporation of physically-based modeling approaches, e.g., surface runoff generation and sediment transport
 - Development for higher spatial resolution at HUC14 level (i.e., "catchment")

Thanks



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www.cdpr.ca.gov/docs/emon/surfwtr/review.htm